# WORKING TOWARD ACHIEVEMENT OF STANDARDS

#### Foundation: Reading and Viewing-

When listening, reading and viewing, students engage with a range of different types of texts, including decodable and authentic texts, using developing phonic knowledge.

They blend, segment and manipulate phonemes in one-syllable words, and use knowledge of letters and sounds to read consonant-vowel-consonant (CVC) words. They read some high-frequency words and identify boundary punctuation.

When demonstrating understanding of texts, students identify and make connections between characters, settings and events and their own feelings and thoughts.

They identify how types of texts, both print and digital, are organised for purpose and navigation. They compare how textual elements other than language, such as images and sounds, can contribute to meaning

Learning Intensions: to cover in term 2.(not been adapted to version 2.0)

- can use a computer key board to log in
- can navigate a digital text.
- can understand that pictures add meaning to a text.
- can recognise a non-fiction text
- can recognise a fictional text
- can talk about a text I have listened to or read.
- can make connections from the text to myself
- can make connections from the text to myse
   can infer how a character is feeling
- can identify a letter
- can recognise all upper case letters
- can recognise all lower case letters
- can say the most common sound for all letter lower case
  letters
- can say the most common sound for all the upper case letters
- can name a vowel
- can name a consonant
- can use letters in writing
- can blend consonant vowel consonant sounds to read words
- Can read stage 1,2,3 heart words

#### Foundation: Writing-

When creating and sharing short texts, students retell stories and report information, using familiar words and images where appropriate. They share in simple editing processes.

They use words, phrases and punctuation, including capital letters and full stops, from familiar contexts and texts, and from their learning.

They form letters and spell most consonant-vowel-consonant (CVC) words

Learning Intensions: to cover in term 2(not been adapted to version 2.0)

- can come up with an idea for writing
- can use finger spaces when I write.
- can start at the left side of the page.
- can have a go during writing time
- can write on the line
- can hold my pencil correctly
- can use capital letters at the beginning of sentences and for names.
- can form upper case letters correctly.
- can form lower case letter correctly.
- can use full stops at the end of my sentences.
- can spell stage 1 & 2 heart words correctly in writing.
- can spell stage 3 heart words correctly in writing
- knows that spoken sounds and words can be written.
- can write letters that represent common spoken sounds.
- can segment cvc words.
  - can segment ccvc words.
- can segment cvcc words.
- can use onset and rime to spell simple words (c-at, b-at, s-at).

#### Foundation: Speaking and Listening-

When interacting with others, students explore vocabulary used in familiar contexts and how language changes in different

They share thoughts and preferences.

When speaking to an audience, students deliver short spoken texts, including retelling stories and reporting events, using features of voice.

All I can statements from Sentral (not been adapted to version 2.0)

- can discuss the idea of different languages.
- can value others who use more than one language.
- can recognise that some texts include other languages.
- can understand language changes depending where I am and who I am talking to.
- can ask relevant questions when needed.
- can express opinions in an appropriate manner.
- can use speech to express my feelings.
- can use gestures to express my feelings.
- can recognise that my feelings can be affected by visual media such as advertisements and animations.
- can take part in speaking and listening activities to build my vocabulary.
- can discuss new words I read in texts.
- can use known words and use them in new experiences.
- can hear some sounds in spoken words.
- can write some letters to match the sound.
- can identify words that rhyme.
- can identify syllables.
- can change sounds in spoken words, e.g: say cat, change /c/ to /m/ mat
- can identify the first sound in a word followed by the remaining sounds in a one syllable word. Eg c-at
- can hear the onset and rime sounds in one syllable spoken words.
- can hear the sounds in consonant-vowel-consonant (cvc) words.
- can talk about my favourite story.
- can talk about how a text makes me feel.
- can identify my favourite part in a text.
- can use art to express how a text makes me feel.
  can use beginning forms of writing to express how a text makes me feel.
- can make personal connections to a text.
- can copy actions to go with rhymes/poems/songs.
- can retell rhymes with actions.
- can change a text that I know by replacing some words.
- can listen to simple instructions while others speak.
- can follow simple instructions.
- can retell a story in the correct order using picture clues.
- can listen to details of a story so I can answer a question.
- can use spoken language in imaginative play.
- can participate in class discussions about a shared experience.
- can ask questions to check understanding.
- can use an appropriate voice level during show and tell.
- can use eye contact during show and tell.

### Level 1: Reading and Viewing-

When listening, reading and viewing, students engage with a range of different types of texts, including decodable and authentic texts, using developing phonic knowledge.

They blend, segment and manipulate words with one and 2 syllables. They read an increasing number of high-frequency words and understand boundary punctuation.

When demonstrating understanding of texts, students discuss characters, settings, events and images, and make connections between texts and their personal experiences. They begin to build their understanding of literal and inferred meanings. They identify how types of texts, both print and digital, are organised for purpose and navigation. They compare how textual elements other than language, such as images and sounds, can contribute to meaning in texts.

## Level 1: Writing-

When creating short written and spoken texts, students use narrative and informative text structures; incorporate some detail from previously encountered texts, learnt topics or topics of interest; and include appropriate multimodal elements. They reread their texts and complete simple edits.

They select learning area or topic-specific vocabulary.

They write words using unjoined lower-case and upper-case letters. They spell most one- and 2-syllable words with common letter patterns and common grammatical morphemes, and an increasing number of high-frequency words. They apply boundary punctuation.

### Level 1: Speaking and Listening-

When interacting with others, students understand the vocabulary of curriculum area topics and use language, facial expressions and gestures when requesting, exclaiming and commanding. They use turn-taking skills.

They explore language to express preferences and opinions.

When speaking to an audience, students deliver short spoken texts, engaging with personal or learnt topics, using features of voice

### Links to Capability & Digital Technologies Content Descriptors (English specific)

### **Critical and Creative Thinking**

By the end of Level 2, students use and give examples of different kinds of questions. Students generate ideas that are new to them and make choices after considering personal preferences.

Students identify words that indicate components of a point of view. They use reasons and examples for different purposes.

### **Ethical capability**

By the end of Level 2, students identify and describe ethical concepts using illustrative examples from familiar situations and a basic vocabulary about ethical problems and their outcomes.

Students identify and explain acts and situations that have ethical dimensions, using illustrative examples. They explain that personal feelings may influence the way people behave in situations where ethical issues are involved.

### **Digital Technologies**

By the end of Level 2, students identify how common digital systems are used to meet specific purposes.

Students use digital systems to represent simple patterns in data in different ways and collect familiar data and display them to convey meaning.

Students express and describe thinking activity. They practise some Students design solutions to simple problems using a learning strategies. Students demonstrate and articulate some sequence of steps and decisions. They create and organise ideas and information using information systems and share problem-solving approaches. these in safe online environments.

### Teaching & Learning Approaches – non-negotiables

- **Growth Mindset**
- Sythetic Phonics following Little Learners Love Literacy Scope & Sequence (LLLL) using University of Florida Lesson format (UFLI)
- use of predictable readers where appropriate
- Gradual Release of Responsibility/Instructional Model
- Use of ongoing assessment and data to target teaching
- Use of ongoing feedback
- Visible learning intentions and success criteria
- Individual reading and writing goals for all students
- Individual Learning Plan (ILP) for 12 months above /below /EAL /PSD /Koorie /Discipline

Special Events/Dates:

Picnic on the Green Special Person visit to join in on a maths lesson.

### Performance Outcome/Product of Learning:

Students will create a ... about a .... This will show evidence of:

Students will publish ...

**Vocabulary expectations (English specific)** 

Tune	In Target Teach	n Try Out	Tune Up	Take Off	Tie Together			
Weeks		Learning Focus Assessment						
&	Reading & Viewing	Writing	Phonics/Phonological Awareness/	/ Speaking & Listening	g			
Dates			Word Study	Personal & social Develop	pment Charts			

	Reading & Viewing	Writing			<b></b> .
& Dates  Consistent weekly practice.	Home Readers:(changed weekly)  Decodable Readers/ Passages/predictable text Character Cards LLLL Homework sheets Explicit Reading Strategies: Daily review of Anchor chart Point to the word Look closely at all the letters in order Say the sounds all the way through Blend the sounds together to say the word, repeat. Don't pause smush the sounds quickly. Reread Did it make sense? Book boxes: changed weekly 4 interest books	Demonstrate Correct Letter formation & pincer grip.  Sky writing White boards Sitting correctly  Modelled explicit teaching: Using think aloud strategies coming up with an idea share ideas draw picture first 5 minutes back to floor counting the words segmenting of sounds rereading to check it sounds right. Using environmental print to support learners such as; desk mats, anchor charts, heart word posters.	Phonics/Phonological Awareness/ Word Study  Little Learners Love Literacy scope and Sequence and resources using daily UFLI structure.  Heart Words: stage 3 & 4  Sign in book Changed daily Added to reader bag once introduced	Speaking & Listening Personal & social Development  SWPBS:  Explicit teaching opportunities at the point of need Explicit whole class teaching Monday 2:15-3:15 consistent revisiting and adding to anchor charts.	Charts Ongoing Letter/sound & heart words checks Weekly Reading conferences
Integrated topics	2 just right texts	Writing a Poport: (Whole class using	Phonics: Povision un to h & h	Morning Circle: Perpect for others	
1- living/non-living	can make connections from the text to myself     can recognise a non-fiction text     can recognise a fictional text	Writing a Report: (Whole class using description bubbles) Aural LI:	Phonics: Revision up to b & h Heart Word: revision Stage 1 & 2 & 3 words P/A: First & last sound identification Syllable deletion	Morning Circle: Respect for others -Feelings (Zones of Regulation) (Understand that language can be used to explore ways of expressing needs, likes and dislikes (VCELA166))	
2- Sort animals into categories	<ul> <li>can complete a basic retell of a text including 2/3 sequenced events</li> <li>Weekly Big books: fiction/non-fiction 2 x Stage 1/2 Decodable books 2 x Animal books as per topic 1 x teacher choice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>write.</li> <li>can hold my pencil correctly</li> <li>can form upper case letters correctly.</li> <li>can form lower case letter correctly.</li> <li>knows that spoken sounds and words can be written.</li> </ul>	Phonics:Oo/Dd Heart Words: S3: he/she/we/ do/to/was Include 20 min tier 1,2 & 3 groups into Literacy hour P/A: first & last sound identification Syllable deletion	Whole Body listening. What does the 5 I's look like? Explicit teach. Take photos and place them in the classroom to reflect SW-PBS. Classroom Routines	
<b>3</b> Animal features	Individual Reading conferences:  - Does it make sense?  Book boxes  - 4 interest books  - 10 minutes quiet reading at table  Home Reading:  - decodable & predictable readers	<ul> <li>can write letters that         represent common spoken         sounds.</li> <li>can segment cvc words.</li> <li>can use heart words when         writing.</li> <li>Creating literature through         illustrations about shared text.</li> <li>Explicitly modelled (see above)         <ul> <li>report about Tip the cat</li> </ul> </li> <li>Dictation: using LLLL stage 1 text</li> </ul>	Phonics: /Gg/Ll Heart Words: nclude 20 min tier 1,2 & 3 groups into Literacy hour P/A: first,last & medial sound identification Syllable deletion	- lining up - standing behind our chairs - cleaning up our own space  Speaking kindly to others - using authentic opportunities to explicitly teach  Using manners in all situations  Introduction of Show and Tell - listening to others - asking questions	Writing Moderation
<b>4</b> Habitats		Writing a Report: (Whole class using description bubbles) Aural	Phonics:Vv/cvc & ccvc Heart words:	Morning Circle: Respect for others.	LLLL unseen text RR

Weeks	Learning Focus				
&	Reading & Viewing	Writing	Phonics/Phonological Awareness/	Speaking & Listening	Assessment
Dates			Word Study	Personal & social Development	Charts
Consistent weekly practice.  Integrated topics	Home Readers: (changed weekly)  Decodable Readers/ Passages/predictable text  Character Cards LLLL Homework sheets Explicit Reading Strategies: Daily review of Anchor chart Point to the word Look closely at all the letters in order Say the sounds all the way through Blend the sounds together to say the word, repeat. Don't pause smush the sounds quickly. Reread Did it make sense? Book boxes: changed weekly 4 interest books 2 just right texts	Demonstrate Correct Letter formation & pincer grip.  Sky writing White boards Sitting correctly  Modelled explicit teaching: Using think aloud strategies coming up with an idea share ideas draw picture first 5 minutes back to floor counting the words segmenting of sounds rereading to check it sounds right. Using environmental print to support learners such as; desk mats, anchor charts, heart word posters.	Little Learners Love Literacy scope and Sequence and resources using daily UFLI structure.  Heart Words: stage 3 & 4  Sign in book Changed daily Added to reader bag once introduced	SWPBS:  Explicit teaching opportunities at the point of need  Explicit whole class teaching Monday 2:15-3:15  consistent revisiting and adding to anchor charts.	Ongoing Letter/sound & heart words checks  Weekly Reading conferences
egracea topics		LI:	nclude 20 min tier 1,2 & 3 groups into	Learning to use helping hands	
		<ul> <li>can write letters that represent common spoken sounds.</li> <li>can segment cvc words.</li> </ul>	Literacy hour P/A: Look at point of need Include 20 min tier 1,2 & 3 groups into Literacy hour	Keeping others safe  Leaning to include others	
		<ul> <li>can spell stage 1 &amp; 2 heart words correctly when writing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Initial sound ID</li> <li>Onset &amp; rime/sound</li> <li>identification</li> </ul>		
5		can use capital letters at the	Phonics: Revision Stage 1 & 2		
Baby animal names		beginning of sentences and for names.  can use full stops at the end of my sentences.	Include 20 min tier 1,2 & 3 groups into Literacy hour P/A: Look at point of need - Initial /final sound ID		Assessment of stage 2 sounds
<b>6</b> Life cycle of a chicken		Creating literature through illustrations about shared text. Explicitly modelled (see above) - use simple text (The Map)	- Onset & rime Phonics: Yy/Rr Include 20 min tier 1,2 & 3 groups into Literacy hour P/A: Look at point of need		
7		Dictation: using LLLL stage 1 & 2 text	- Initial/final sound ID Phonics: Ee		
Student Lead Animal posters			Include 20 min tier 1,2 & 3 groups into Literacy hour P/A: Look at point of need - Blending - Initia/final I sound ID		
8			Phonics: Qu/qu & Zz		
Student Lead animal posters			Include 20 min tier 1,2 & 3 groups into Literacy hour P/A: Point of need Initial/final sound ID Blending Initial sound ID		PA reassessment by Vikki & Cass for term 3 P.O.N.
<b>9</b> Student Lead animal posters			Phonics: Revision of stage 1,2,3 Include 20 min tier 1,2 & 3 groups		
Posterio		Writing: Report	into Literacy hour P/A: Point of need - Initial/final sound ID - Blending		Assessment of stage 3 sounds Alphabet knowledge
10 & 11			Phonics: Jj & Uu		
Revision			Include 20 min tier 1,2 & 3 groups into Literacy hour P/A: Point of need - Initial/final sound ID - Blending		