

	Working towards achievement of standards				
Level 1 Number and Algebra	Level 1 Measurement and Geometry	Level 1 Statistics and Probability			
Students count to and from 100 and locate these numbers on a	Students use informal units of measurement to	Students describe data displays. They ask questions to collect			
number line. They partition numbers using place value and carry	order objects based on length, mass and capacity.	data and draw simple data displays. Students classify outcomes			
out simple additions and subtractions, using counting strategies.	They tell time to the half-hour and explain time	of simple familiar events.			
Students recognise Australian coins according to their value.	durations. Students describe two-dimensional				
They identify representations of one half. Students describe	shapes and three-dimensional objects. They use the				
number sequences resulting from skip counting by 2s, 5s and	language of distance and direction to move from				
10s. They continue simple patterns involving numbers and	place to place.				
objects with and without the use of digital technology.					
Level 2 Number and Algebra	Level 2 Measurement and Geometry	Level 2 Statistics and Probability			
Students count to and from, and order numbers up to 1000.	Students order shapes and objects, using informal	Students collect data from relevant questions to create lists,			
They perform simple addition and subtraction calculations, using	units for a range of measures. They tell time to the	tables and picture graphs with and without the use of digital			
a range of strategies. They find the total value of simple	quarter hour and use a calendar to identify the	technology. They interpret data in context. Students use			
collections of Australian notes and coins. Students represent	date, days, weeks and months included in seasons	everyday language to describe outcomes of familiar events			
multiplication and division by grouping into sets and divide	and other events. Students draw two-dimensional				
collections and shapes into halves, quarters and eighths. They	shapes, specify their features and explain the				
recognise increasing and decreasing number sequences involving	effects of one-step transformations. They recognise				
2s, 3s, 5s and 10s, identify the missing element in a number	the features of three-dimensional objects. They				
sequence, and use digital technology to produce sequences by	interpret simple maps of familiar locations.				
constant addition.					

Links to Capability & Digit	Links to Capability & Digital Technology descriptors				
Critical and Creative Thinking	Digital Technologies				
By the end of Level 2, students use and give examples of different kinds of questions.	By the end of Level 2, students identify how common digital systems are used to meet				
Students generate ideas that are new to them and make choices after considering personal	specific purposes. Students use digital systems to represent simple patterns in data in				
preferences. Students identify words that indicate components of a point of view. They use	different ways and collect familiar data and display them to convey meaning. Students				
reasons and examples for different purposes. Students express and describe thinking	design solutions to simple problems using a sequence of steps and decisions. They create				
activity. They practise some learning strategies. Students demonstrate and articulate some	and organise ideas and information using information systems and share these in safe				
problem-solving approaches.	online environments.				

 Teaching and Learning resources Booker - Teaching Primary Mathematics Essential Assessment Visible Learning 	 Teaching and Learning approaches Exploratory Learning Explicit modelling Small group instruction Independent learning Reflective learning 	 Special events and dates ANZAC day Mother's Day King's Birthday
 Performance outcome/Product of learning Independent learners Fluency of number facts Efficient mental strategies Efficient written strategies Relating to real life situations Risk taking with learning Productive peer learning 	Vocabulary Expectations Addition: and, add, addition Subtraction: take away, su Money: coins, notes, cent Probability: chance, statis unlikely, impossible, exper Mass: grams, kilograms, to light. Length: centimetres, metr point, number line. 3D Shape: vertices, vertex pyramid.	s, dollars, how many, how much, change, trade. tics, attribute, likelihood, possible outcomes, certain, likely, possible,

TUNE IN	TARGET TEACH	TRY OUT	TUNE UP	TAKE OFF	TI TOGE
Weeks & Dates		Learning focus		Assessment	
	Students to start anywhere on the board (as their counter move and when they land on "	two 10 sided dice, 2 mini whiteboard, two co it is continuous) and roll the dice and have a '10 more" then the student needs to change t	starting number. Then roll 1 dice to make		
Week 1 - Number and Algebra: Operations: Addition Measurement & Geometry: Mass	 marker so they can see that the ones PV did Level 1: Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (VCMNA089) Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (VCMNA089) Teach students to: estimate understand commutative strategy double single and double digits use near doubles to 10 & 20 build to the next 10 use factors of 100 to add and subtract Level 2: Explore the connection between addition and subtraction (VCMNA106) 	 In't change but the tens value did. Level 1: Measure and compare the lengths, masses and capacities of pairs of objects using uniform informal units (VCMMG095) Teach students to: use measurement language, Eg. heavy, light, long, short, tall, full, less, more lift to compare mass of objects the importance of a unified unit of measurement when measuring and comparing objects Level 2: Compare masses of objects using balance scales (VCMMG116) Compare and order several shapes and objects based on length, area, volume and capacity using appropriate uniform informal units (VCMMG115) Teach students to: 	 Lessons to add to weekly planner: x1 lesson essential assessment x1 mathletics session for teachers to do addition and subtraction interview x1 addition x1 mass Explicitly teach: introduce math thinking moves estimate introduce build to the next ten strategy eg. 17 + 5 introduce mass which one weighs more than (estimation) students explore using balance scales (when we do mass we have to teach this 2 classrooms at a time) modelling on a number line 	Pre- Assessment: Essential Assessment Measurement and Geometry: All Addition and subtraction	

	 Solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of efficient mental and written strategies (VCMNA107) Solve problems by using number sentences for addition or subtraction (VCMNA113) Teach students to: estimate connect add and subtract using equivalent number sentences represent sums on a number line understand compensate strategy double 1, 2, 3 digits use near doubles to 100 use factors of 1000 to add and subtract. 	 use measurement language use balance scales weigh objects to determine mass estimate more than or less than measure using metric system. 		
	Place value warm up game: Number talk 5 7 + 5, 12+9, 25+7, 106+7, 315+8 8+4, 19+4, 27+5, 103+9, 217+6 9+3, 19+3, 56+5, 107 +8, 423+8 7+9, 15+9, 73, 9, 111+9, 366+7 6+5, 14+8, 37+5, 114+7, 444+9 Let students use thinking math moves	Sums we can use on the board		
Week 2- ANZAC Day Number and Algebra: Operations: Addition Measurement & Geometry: Mass	Level 1: Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (VCMNA089) Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (VCMNA089) Teach students to: • estimate	 Level 1: Measure and compare the lengths, masses and capacities of pairs of objects using uniform informal units (VCMMG095) Teach students to: use measurement language, Eg. heavy, light, long, short, tall, full, less, more lift to compare mass of objects 	Lessons to add to weekly planner: x3 addition x2 mass Explicitly teach: - math thinking moves - estimate - doubles - near doubles - factors of 10, 100, 1000 to add - exploratory measurement of weight - recording heaviest to lightest	

	 understand commutative strategy double single and double digits use near doubles to 10 & 20 build to the next 10 use factors of 100 to add and subtract Level 2: Explore the connection between addition and subtraction (VCMNA106) Solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of efficient mental and written strategies (VCMNA107) Solve problems by using number sentences for addition or subtraction (VCMNA113) Teach students to: estimate connect add and subtract using equivalent number sentences represent sums on a number line understand compensate strategy double 1, 2, 3 digits use near doubles to 100 use factors of 1000 to add and subtract. 	 the importance of a unified unit of measurement when measuring and comparing objects Level 2: Compare masses of objects using balance scales (VCMMG116) Compare and order several shapes and objects based on length, area, volume and capacity using appropriate uniform informal units (VCMMG115) Teach students to: use measurement language use balance scales weigh objects to determine mass estimate more than or less than measure length using historical measurements: handspan measure using metric system. 	- modelling on a number line	
	Place value warm up game: Place value la Use a whiteboard to make 8 rungs of the la			
Week 3-	Level 1: Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of	Level 1: Measure and compare the lengths, masses and capacities of pairs of objects using uniform informal units (VCMMG095)	Lessons to add to weekly planner:x3 subtractionx2 length	

Number and Algebra: Operations: Subtractionstrategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (VCMNA089) Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (VCMNA089)Measurement & Geometry: Lengthtestimate Lengthtestimate . <th> Teach students to: use measurement language, Eg. long, short, tall, full, less, more the importance of a unified unit of measurement when measuring and comparing objects Level 2: Compare and order several shapes and objects based on length, area, volume and capacity using appropriate uniform informal units (VCMMG115) Teach students to: use measurement language estimate more than or less than measure length using historical measurements: handspan measure using metric system </th> <th>Explicitly teach: estimate link addition strategies with subtraction strategies break down to the last 10 reverse factors of 10, 100, 1000 verbal stories using manipulatives informal units of measurement:handspan shortest to tallest in the room modelling on a number line </th> <th></th>	 Teach students to: use measurement language, Eg. long, short, tall, full, less, more the importance of a unified unit of measurement when measuring and comparing objects Level 2: Compare and order several shapes and objects based on length, area, volume and capacity using appropriate uniform informal units (VCMMG115) Teach students to: use measurement language estimate more than or less than measure length using historical measurements: handspan measure using metric system 	Explicitly teach: estimate link addition strategies with subtraction strategies break down to the last 10 reverse factors of 10, 100, 1000 verbal stories using manipulatives informal units of measurement:handspan shortest to tallest in the room modelling on a number line 	
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Week 4	Place value warm up game: Number talk 6+6, 33+33, 222+222 7+6, 34+35, 344+346 8-3, 17-4, 87-5, 567-6 3+7, 16+4, 72+8, 673+7 7-4, 19-7, 96-3, 548-5	Level 1:	Lossons to add to weakly alarmary	
Week 4 - PAT-M Number and Algebra: Operations: Subtraction Measurement & Geometry: Length Mother's Day	Level 1: Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (VCMNA089) Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (VCMNA089) Teach students to: • estimate • understand commutative strategy • double single and double digits • use near doubles to 10 & 20 • build to the next 10 • use factors of 100 to add and subtract Level 2: Explore the connection between addition and subtract VCMNA106) Solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of efficient mental and written strategies (VCMNA107) Solve problems by using number sentences for addition or subtraction (VCMNA113) Teach students to: • estimate • connect add and subtract using equivalent number sentences	 Level 1: Measure and compare the lengths, masses and capacities of pairs of objects using uniform informal units (VCMMG095) Teach students to: use measurement language, Eg. long, short, tall, full, less, more the importance of a unified unit of measurement when measuring and comparing objects Level 2: Compare and order several shapes and objects based on length, area, volume and capacity using appropriate uniform informal units (VCMMG115) Teach students to: use measurement language estimate more than or less than measure length using historical measurements: handspan measure using metric system 	Lessons to add to weekly planner: x3 PAT-M tests and other students on mathletics x2 length Explicitly teach: - achieving our best in a test - comparing objects in the yard length hunt - paper aeroplanes making and launching and measuring using metres (measuring tapes) - modelling on a number line	PAT-M Number and Algebra Measurement & Geometry Data and Statistics

	 represent sums on a number line 			
	 understand compensate strategy 			
	 double 1, 2, 3 digits 			
	 use near doubles to 100 			
	 use factors of 1000 to add and 			
	subtract			
	Place value warm up game: Dice game Firs	st to 20		
	Rolling a 6 sided dice, students have 5 rolls	to reach 20 by adding each of their number	rs. They can win by staying under 20 or	
	-	ling all 5 times and stopping when they get o		
Week 5-	Level 1:		Lessons to add to weekly planner:	
	Represent and solve simple addition and		x5 addition and subtraction	
Number and	subtraction problems using a range of			
Algebra:	strategies including counting on, partitioning		Explicitly teach:	
Operations:	and rearranging parts (VCMNA089) Represent and solve simple addition and		- estimate	
Addition and	subtraction problems using a range of		 introduce commutative strategy 	
subtraction	strategies including counting on, partitioning		 introduce compensate strategy 	
Subtraction	and rearranging parts (VCMNA089)		 using manipulatives for support 	
	Teach students to:			
	 estimate 			
	 understand commutative strategy 			
	 double single and double digits 			
	 use near doubles to 10 & 20 			
	 build to the next 10 			
	 use factors of 100 to add and 			
	subtract			
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	Level 2:			
	Explore the connection between addition and			
	subtraction (VCMNA106)			
	Solve simple addition and subtraction			
	Solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of efficient mental and			
	written strategies (VCMNA107)			
	Solve problems by using number sentences			
	for addition or subtraction (VCMNA113) Teach students to:			
	ובמנוו לונוטבוונל וט.			

	 estimate connect add and subtract using equivalent number sentences represent sums on a number line understand compensate strategy double 1, 2, 3 digits use near doubles to 100 use factors of 1000 to add and subtract Place value warm up game: Game of 4 	10 (card game)		
Week C	Place all the cards from ace to 10 on the tak down 40 and take turns to turn over a c and then the next person has a turn eg keep a running score. Let students play Discuss why this is the magic number o	ble with a partner and exclude the face card card. eg 7 of hearts, 40 - 7= 33 (use the 7 of 10 of spades, 33 - 10 = 23 (use the 10 of spa as partners. Play for the week and then let n Thursday and challenge them to play thei	hearts icons to count down for a strategy) ades icons to count down for a strategy) the students in on the Magic number. 11.	
Week 6- Assessment Week Number and Algebra: Operations: Addition & Subtraction Data and statistics: Chance	Level 1: Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (VCMNA089) Represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies including counting on, partitioning and rearranging parts (VCMNA089) Teach students to: • estimate • understand commutative strategy • double single and double digits • use near doubles to 10 & 20 • build to the next 10 • use factors of 100 to add and subtract Level 2:	Lessons to add to weekly planner: x1 essential assessment for MID number and algebra & measurement and geometry x2 addition and subtraction x2 chance Explicitly teach: - equivalent number sentences - modelling on a number line - teddies in a bag - counters in a bag/box	 Level 1 Identify outcomes of familiar events involving chance and describe them using everyday language such as 'will happen', 'won't happen' or 'might happen' (VCMSP100) Teach students to: begin to use the language of chance (likely, unlikely, will happen, certain, impossible classify events according to chance explain reasoning Level 2 Identify practical activities and everyday events that involve chance. Describe outcomes as 'likely' or 'unlikely' and identify some events as 'certain' or 'impossible' (VCMSP125) Teach students to: 	Assessment: Essential Assessment Number and Algebra General All MID Measure & Geometry All MID

	 Explore the connection between addition and subtraction (VCMNA106) Solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of efficient mental and written strategies (VCMNA107) Solve problems by using number sentences for addition or subtraction (VCMNA113) Teach students to: estimate connect add and subtract using equivalent number sentences represent sums on a number line understand compensate strategy double 1, 2, 3 digits use near doubles to 100 use factors of 1000 to add and subtract 	see?	 use the language of chance classify events according to 'how likely' explain reasoning 	
Week 7 - Number and Algebra: Fractions Data and statistics: Chance	 Level 1 Recognise and describe one-half as one of two equal parts of a whole (VCMNA091) Teach students to: estimate explore concepts of 1, including collections develop idea of equal sharing classify those that are halves and those that aren't Level 2 Recognise and interpret common uses of halves, quarters and eighths of shapes and collections (VCMNA110) Teach students to: estimate 	Lessons to add to weekly planner: x3 fractions x2 chance Explicitly teach: - verbal outcomes of chance and assign likelihood (weather, football teams) - teddies in the bag again (see what students understand about likelihood). - partitioning rectangles paper folding and string folding - focus on ½ and ⅓	 Level 1 Identify outcomes of familiar events involving chance and describe them using everyday language such as 'will happen', 'won't happen' or 'might happen' (VCMSP100) Teach students to: begin to use the language of chance (likely, unlikely, will happen, certain, impossible classify events according to chance explain reasoning Level 2 	

	 partition objects (not circles) in different ways find the fraction on a number line 	 focus on ¼ and ½ finding the fraction on a number line 0 to 100 and 0 to 1000 	 identify practical activities and everyday events that involve chance. Describe outcomes as 'likely' or 'unlikely' and identify some events as 'certain' or 'impossible' (VCMSP125) Teach students to: use the language of chance classify events according to 'how likely' explain reasoning
	Place value warm up game: How many d	o you see?	
Week 8 - King's Birthday Number and Algebra: Fractions Measurement & Geometry: 3D shape	 Fruit fraction pictures Level 1 Recognise and describe one-half as one of two equal parts of a whole (VCMNA091) Teach students to: estimate explore concepts of 1, including collections develop idea of equal sharing classify those that are halves and those that aren't Level 2 Recognise and interpret common uses of halves, quarters and eighths of shapes and collections (VCMNA110) Teach students to: estimate partition objects (not circles) in different ways find the fraction on a number line 	 Level 1 Recognise and classify familiar two-dimensional shapes and three-dimensional objects using obvious features (VCMMG098) Teach students to: identify geometric features of common 3D shapes use the language of vertex, vertices, edges, and faces Level 2 Describe the features of three-dimensional objects (VCMMG121) Teach students to: describe properties of 3D shapes use and write language of vertex, vertice, edge, and face draw and label 3D shapes 	Lessons to add to weekly planner: x2 fractions x2 3D shape Explicitly teach: - finding the fraction in a collection of things (fruit) - using manipulatives - exploratory 3D shapes - naming properties
	Place value warm up game: I have two coir have in my pockets?	is in 1 pocket and 1 coin in the other pocket, b	ut they have the same value. What coins do I

Week 9 - Number and Algebra: Money Measurement & Geometry: 3D shape Week 10	equal the same value, what could they be?)	e, square-based pyramid) (don't tell the stude	Lessons to add to weekly planner: x3 money x2 3D shape Explicitly teach: - estimate how much, more or less than \$1, \$5, \$10 - play based money session - organise money according to value not size or colour - finding shapes in everyday objects - comparing shapes	
Week 10 Number and Algebra: Money	 Level 1 Recognise, describe and order Australian coins according to their value (VCMNA092) Teach students to: use features of different Australian coins to identify them 	Level 1 Recognise and classify familiar two- dimensional shapes and three-dimensional objects using obvious features (VCMMG098) Teach students to:	Lessons to add to weekly planner: x3 money x2 3D shape Explicitly teach: - estimate how much, more or less than \$1, \$5, \$10	

Measurement & Geometry: 3D shape	 understand size does not determine value understand coins are different in other countries Level 2 Count and order small collections of Australian coins and notes according to their value (VCMNA111) Teach students to: estimate more or less \$100 equate value of coins and notes count coins to match a price tag 	 identify geometric features of common 3D shapes use the language of vertex, vertices, edges, and faces Level 2 Describe the features of three-dimensional objects (VCMMG121) Teach students to: describe properties of 3D shapes use and write language of vertex, vertice, edge, and face draw and label 3D shapes 	 play based money session organise money according to value not size or colour finding shapes in everyday objects comparing shapes.
Week 11 Review and games			